# RUST-OLEUM

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

**1.1 Product identifier Product name** 

: Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

**Product description** Product type UFI

: Aerosol. Paint

: Aerosol.

TXJ1-M0YA-000F-VV7M

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identifi	ed uses
Consumer use Industrial use Professional use	
Uses advised against	Reason
None identified.	-

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**RUST-OLEUM EUROPE** Martin Mathys NV, Kolenbergstraat 23, B-3545 Zelem, Belgium Telephone no.: +32 (0) 13 460 200 Fax no.: +32 (0) 13 460 201

Tor Coatings Limited Unit 21, White Rose Way, Follingsby Park, Gateshead, Tyne & Wear, NE10 8YX United Kingdom Telephone no.: +44 (0) 191 4106611 Fax no.: +44 (0) 191 4920125 enquiries@tor-coatings.com

e-mail address of person : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu responsible for this SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre **Supplier Telephone number** : +44 870 8200418 / +44 2038073798 : 24/7 Hours of operation

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** 

: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373

Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

## 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated. Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	<ul> <li>P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.</li> <li>P102 - Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> </ul>
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.</li> <li>P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> </ul>
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.
Disposal	<ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Hazardous ingredients	: Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006	: Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	ents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Yes, applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures

# : Mixture

United Kingdom: Great Britain

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
liquefied petroleum gas	REACH #: Annex V EC: 270-704-2 CAS: 68476-85-7 Index: 649-202-00-6	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280	[2]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 905-588-0	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
Ethylacetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6 Index: 607-022-00-5	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
isobutyl acetate	EC: 203-745-1 CAS: 110-19-0 Index: 607-026-00-7	≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 EUH066	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

SCL (Specific Concentration Limits) Not applicable.	Not applicable.
ATE (acute toxicity estimates) Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Nanoform Particle characteristics This product does not contains nanomaterials.	Particle Size Not applicable.

Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid n	neas	ures
Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eve contact : A

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any in	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	om	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Additional information	:	Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 49°C (120°F) or in direct sunlight. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/03/2022	Date of previous issue	: 11/03/2022	Version : 4	5/18
--------------------------------	--------------	------------------------	--------------	-------------	------

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

#### Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a	150 tonne	500 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

#### Recommendations

: Not available.

# Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational exposure limits**

#### **United Kingdom: Great Britain**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
liquefied petroleum gas	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 2180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1750 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylacetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
isobutyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 903 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 187 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
te of issue/Date of revision : 11/0	3/2022	Date of previous issue	: 11/03/2	022 Ve	ersion : 4 7/1

Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

	DNEL	Long term	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	, J	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65,3 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12,5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
Ethylacetate	DNEL	Short term	1468 mg/	Workers	Local
-		Inhalation	m³ Č		
	DNEL	Short term	1468 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³ Č		-
	DNEL	Long term	734 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Long term	34 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	734 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term	734 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	367 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	367 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
			-	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4,5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
				[Consumers]	

# **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	<b>Compartment Detail</b>	Value	Method Detail
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Fresh water	0,327 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0,327 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12,46 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	12,46 mg/kg	-
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	6,58 mg/l	-
	Plant	-	
Ethylacetate	Fresh water	0,26 mg/l	-
	Marine	0,026 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0,34 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0,034 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0,22 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	650 mg/l	-
	Plant		

## 8.2 Exposure controls

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measures	<u>5</u>
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, the

#### **Skin protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (as filter combination A-P2). (EN 140)	Hand protection	<ul> <li>Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.</li> <li>&gt; 8 hours (breakthrough time): neoprene (0.65mm)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.</li> <li>Other skin protection</li> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (as</li> </ul>		product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included
<ul> <li>selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (as</li> </ul>	Body protection	being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Personnel should wear antistatic
appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (as	Other skin protection	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be
	Respiratory protection	appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (as

Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

```
Environmental exposure
controls
: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure
they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some
cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment
will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
```

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid. [Compressed gas]
Colour	: Silver. [Light]
Odour	: Solvent-like [Slight]
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling	: Not available.
range	
Flammability (solid, gas)	<ul> <li>Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.</li> <li>Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: shocks and mechanical impacts.</li> <li>In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.</li> </ul>
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Lower: 3% Upper: 18%
Flash point	: Closed cup: -70°C (-94°F) [Literature]
Auto-ignition temperature	: 400°C (752°F) [Literature]
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
pH : Justification	: Product is non-polar/aprotic.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Solubility(ies)	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Miscible with water	: No.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	: 400 kPa (3000 mm Hg) [calculated.]
Evaporation rate	: >1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Relative density	: 0,81
Density	: 0,81 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [DIN 53217]
Vapour density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Explosive properties	: Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts. Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 49°C (120°F) or in direct sunlight. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

9.2 Other information	
Heat of combustion	: >30 kJ/g
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
Ignition distance	: >75 cm
SECTION 10: Stabili	ty and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	27124 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12126 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 mg/kg	-
Ethylacetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>22,5 mg/l	6 hours
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4935 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
isobutyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13400 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene isobutyl acetate	3523	1100	N/A	11	N/A
	13400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
isobutyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 milligrams	-

Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: Causes skin irritation.
Eyes	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Sensitisation	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Skin	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Mutagenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxic	sity (single exposure)

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
	Category 3 Category 3	exposure       Category 3       Category 3       -

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2 Category 2	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on likely routes of exposure	1	Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation. Routes of entry not anticipated: Oral.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
--	--

Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	-
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ts</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Endocrine disrupting properties	: Not available.
Other information	: Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	NOEC 0,44 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	NOEC 0,96 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	7 days
	NOEC 1,3 mg/l	Fish	56 days
Ethylacetate	Acute EC50 5600 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus	72 hours
	_	subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 165 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia	48 hours
		Cucullata	
	Acute LC50 230 mg/I Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2,4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 6,9 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	6,9 hours
isobutyl acetate	Acute EC50 168 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 190 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## **12.2 Persistence and degradability**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Ethylacetate	OECD 301D	70 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Date of issue/Date of revision

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Conclusion/Summary	: This product has not been tested for biodegradation. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Ethylacetate	-	-	Readily

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Ethylacetate	0,68		low
isobutyl acetate	2,3		low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K <sub>oc</sub> )	: Not available.
Mobility	: Volatile. This product is likely to volatilise rapidly into the air because of its high vapour pressure.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
12.7 Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
European waste catalo	ugue (EWC)
Waste code	Waste designation
20 01 27*	paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing hazardous substances
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers

or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS Flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS Flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2	2	2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity : ≤ 1L Tunnel code (D) <u>Remarks</u> Limited Quantity - ADR/IMDG 3.4		Emergency schedules F-D, S-U <u>Remarks</u> : ≤ 1L: Limited Quantity - IMDG 3.4	Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203.

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk: Not available.according to IMOinstruments

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation **Annex XIV** None of the components are listed. Substances of very high concern None of the components are listed. **Annex XVII - Restrictions** : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles **Other EU regulations** VOC : Exempt Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/03/2022 Date of previous issue : 11/03/2022

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	1	Exempt
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	:	Not listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	:	Not listed
Ozone depleting substanc	es (	(1005/2009/EC)
Not listed.		
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	IC)	<u>(649/2012/EC)</u>

Persistent Organic Pollutants (850/2004/EC)

Not listed.

**UKCA** mark



Extremely flammable

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteri	<u>a</u>		
Category			
P3a			

## **National regulations**

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
		liquefied petroleum gas; LPG	Carc.	-

# **United Kingdom: Great Britain**

References

#### : EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 REGULATION (EU) 2016/425 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council Directive 89/686/EEC

## International regulations

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

List name	Ingredient name	Status
Not listed.		
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)		

Not listed.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals           List name         Ingredient name	Status		
List name Ingredient name	Status		
Not listed.			
<b>CN code</b> : 3208 90 91 00			
Inventory list			
Australia : All components are listed or exempted.			
Canada : All components are listed or exempted.			
China : All components are listed or exempted.			
	At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in ELINCS. Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.		
Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): At least one component is not	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): At least one component is not listed.		
New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.			
Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.	All components are listed or exempted.		
Republic of Korea : Not determined.	Not determined.		
Taiwan: Not determined.	Not determined.		
Thailand: At least one component is not listed.	At least one component is not listed.		
Turkey : Not determined.	Not determined.		
United States : Not determined.	Not determined.		
Viet Nam     : Not determined.			
15.2 Chemical safety       : This product contains substances for which Chemical S required.	Safety Assessments are still		

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that ha	s changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	Bridging principle "Aerosols"
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Expert judgment
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements United Kingdom: Great Britain

Rust-Oleum™ Leakseal Aluminium

#### **SECTION 16: Other information** Full text of abbreviated H H220 Extremely flammable gas. statements H222. Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if H229 heated. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H280 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H304 Harmful in contact with skin. H312 H315 Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eve irritation. H319 H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Full text of classifications Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 **ICLP/GHS1** Aerosol 1 **AEROSOLS - Category 1** Asp. Tox. 1 **ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1** Eve Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Gas 1A FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Press. Gas (Liq. GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Irrit. 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED STOT RE 2 EXPOSURE - Category 2 STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -Category 3 **Date of printing** : 11/03/2022 Date of issue/ Date of : 11/03/2022 revision Date of previous issue : 11/03/2022 Version : 4

# Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.